QUICKSCAN - CANVAS

ruuvi data service

NAME: ruuvi data service DATE: September 6, 2024 9:05 AM DESCRIPTION OF TECHNOLOGY create a data service for a ruuvi tag so we can display the tags as well as the data live. This way you can see wheter or not a breach occurred.	HUMAN VALUES (Freedom anymore) the company knows where the person is so he might not feel the freedom anymore.	TRANSPARENCY In the means that we have to explain them how the application is used, this could result in false communication.
IMPACT ON SOCIETY the problem is that hello fresh needs an affordable option to check all their trucks for temperature.	STAKEHOLDERS - Jeroen Donkers	SUSTAINABILITY we keep track of the battery level of the phone that sends the data and the ruuvi tag has a lot of power in reserve and could run up to a year, so yes.
HATEFUL AND CRIMINAL ACTORS	DATA yes and no, we currently try and keep the data stored as best as we can so that we are able to sort this amount of data, but we don't take inaccurate data into account.	FUTURE this technology could be used across all the different delivery services so in the future, everyone could be using this software.
PRIVACY (jets, our technology registeres live location and that could definitively result in personal data if used incorrectly.	INCLUSIVITY yes, we created our bias specifically for hello fresh, they use a ruuvi monitoring tag so anyone without this thechnology is unable to use our software correctly.	FIND US ON WWW.TICT.IO THIS CANVAS IS PART OF THE TECHNOLOGY IMPACT CYCLE TOOL. THIS CANVAS IS THE RESULT OF A QUICKSCAN. YOU CAN FILL OUT THE FULL TICT ON WWW.TICT.IO WWW.TICT.IO WIND CONTACT ON CONTACT

QUICKSCAN - CANVAS - HELPSIDE

data. If the technology collects special personal data (like...

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BY

University of Applied Science

NC SA

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IMPACT ON SOCIETY What is exactly the problem? Is it really a problem? Are you sure? Can you exactly define what the challenge is? What problem (what 'pain') does this technology want to solve? Can you make a clear definition of the problem? What 'pain' does this technology want to ease? Whose pain? Is it really a problem? For who? Will solving the problem make the world better? Are you sure? The problem definition will help you to determine	STAKEHOLDERS Who are the main users/targetgroups/stakeholders for this technology? Think about the intended context by When thinking about the stakeholders, the most obvious one are of course the intended users, so start there. Next, list the stakeholders that are directly affected. Listing the users and directly affected stakeholders also gives an impression of the intended context of the technology	SUSTAINABILITY In what way is the direct and indirect energy use of this technology taken into account? One of the most prominent impacts on sustainability is energy efficiency. Consider what service you want this technology to provide and how this could be achieved with a minimal use of energy. Are improvements possible?
HATEFUL AND CRIMINAL ACTORS In which way can the technology be used to break the law or avoid the consequences of breaking the law? Can you imagine ways that the technology can or will be used to break the law? Think about invading someone's privacy. Spying. Hurting people. Harassment. Steal things. Fraud/ identity theft and so on. Or will people use the technology to avoid facing the consequences of breaking the law (using trackers to evade speed radars or using bitcoins to launder	DATA Are you familiar with the fundamental shortcomings and pitfalls of data and do you take this sufficiently into There are fundamental issues with data. For example: - Data is always subjective; - Data collections are never complete; - Correlation and causation are tricky concepts; - Data collections are often biased;	FUTURE What could possibly happen with this technology in the future? Discuss this quickly and note your first thoughts here. Think about what happens when 100 million people use your product. How could communities, habits and norms change?
PRIVACY Does the technology register personal data? If yes, what personal data? If this technology registers personal data you have to be aware of privacy legislation and the concept of privacy. Think hard about this question. Remember: personal data can be interpreted in a broad way. Maybe this technology does not collect personal data, but can be used to assemble personal data with the technology does not collect personal data, but can be used to assemble personal	INCLUSIVITY Does this technology have a built-in bias? Do a brainstorm. Can you find a built-in bias in this technology? Maybe because of the way the data was collected, either by personal bias, historical bias, political bias or a lack of diversity in the people responsible for the design of the technology? How do you know this is not the	FIND US ON WWW.TICT.IO THIS CANVAS IS PART OF THE TECHNOLOGY IMPACT CYCLE TOOL. THIS CANVAS IS THE RESULT OF A QUICKSCAN. YOU CAN FILL OUT THE FULL TICT ON WWW.TICT.IO Fontys

case? Be critical. Be aware of your own biases....